



# HP Z1 Teardown

The HP Z1 was taken apart against its wishes on April 25, 2012.

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## INTRODUCTION

We figured this machine was right up our alley. How could we resist a device with this kind of introduction: *"Introducing the HP Z1, the world's first all-in-one workstation with a 27" (diagonal) display that snaps open to let you swap out parts and make upgrades. No tools required."*

So how repairable/upgradeable is the Z1? Join us in this journey as we take apart HP's newest innovation in PCs, the HP Z1 Workstation.

Love these teardowns? Want to be more l33t than your geek counterparts and know about the teardowns as soon as they're live? Follow [iFixit](#) on Twitter for the latest updates.



### TOOLS:

- [Spudger](#) (1)
  - [T15 Torx Screwdriver](#) (1)
  - [T6 Torx Screwdriver](#) (1)
-

## Step 1 — HP Z1 Teardown



- Here it is, the HP Z1 workstation. Collapsed down, the Z1 folds flat for easy-to-access component repairs.
- Under the hood the Z1 houses:
  - Dual-core Intel® Core™ i3-2120 Processor
  - 27" 2560x1440 pixel, diagonal LED-backlit IPS display
  - Four memory slots for up to 32 GB DDR3 RAM
  - SATA 7200 RPM, 500 GB Hard Drive
  - An internal USB port

## Step 2



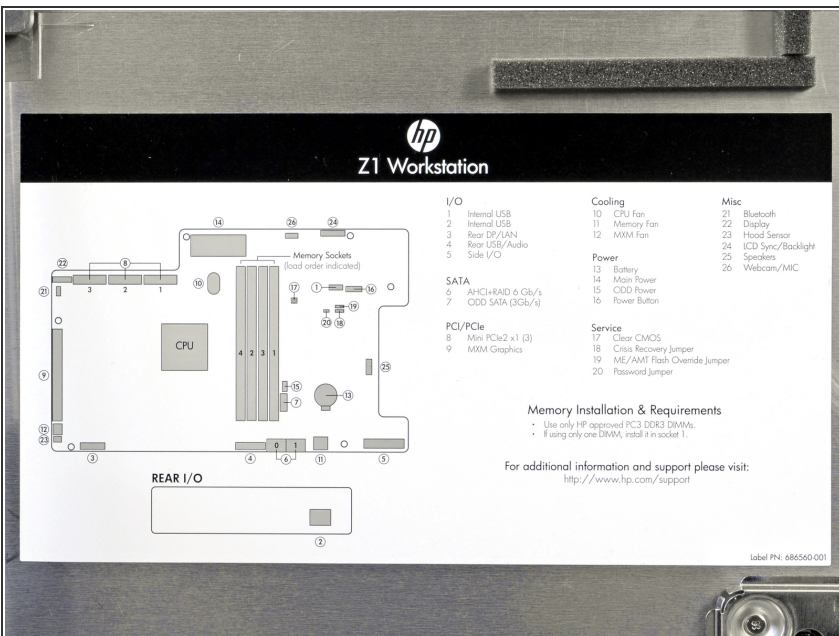
- We mistook this big ol' green button in the center for the power button.
- We were wrong.
- This button actually activates the "raising" procedure, that is, if you don't want to use the Z1 as a non-touchscreen, 40 lb tablet.

## Step 3



- Although the Z1 bears a strong resemblance to a certain [group of molluscs](#), it is considerably easier to open. We have yet to determine which tastes better.
- Designed like a briefcase, all you have to do to open this device is release the thumb tabs.

## Step 4



- Right under the hood of the Z1 is a handy diagram of all the components that are easy to replace.
- Rather than a "diagram" we like to think of it more as a treasure map, leading us to user-serviceable booty.

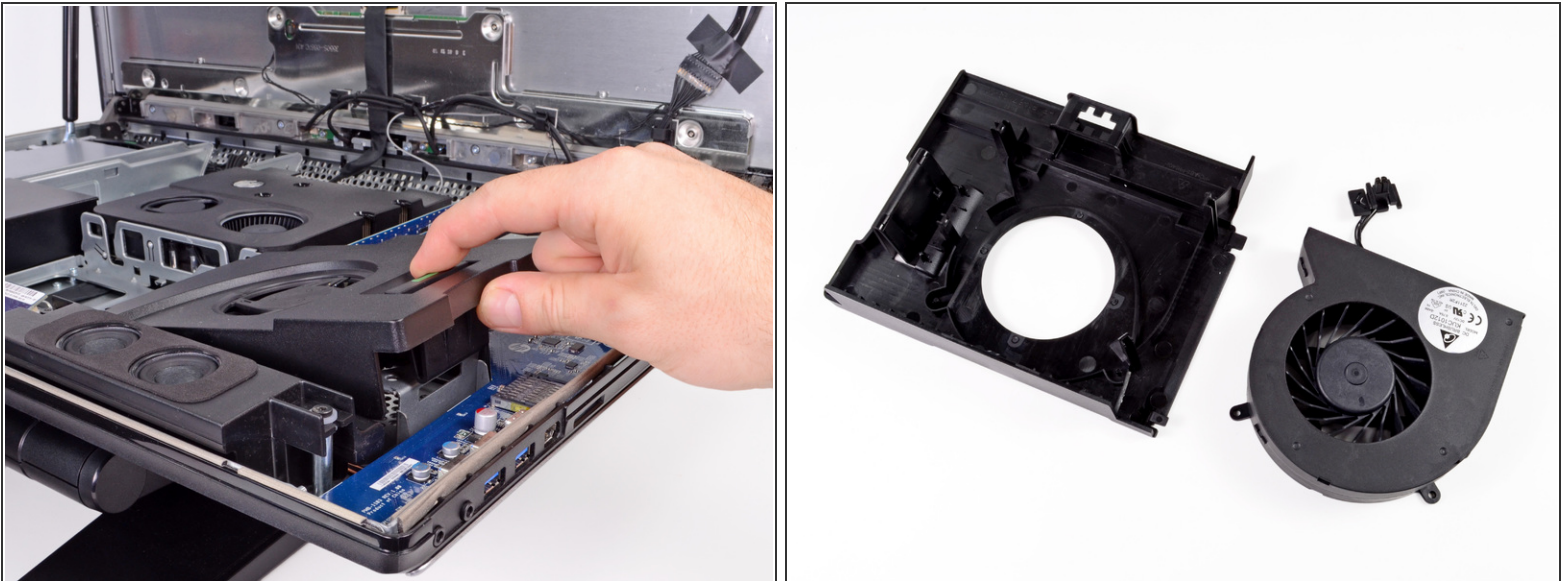


## Step 5



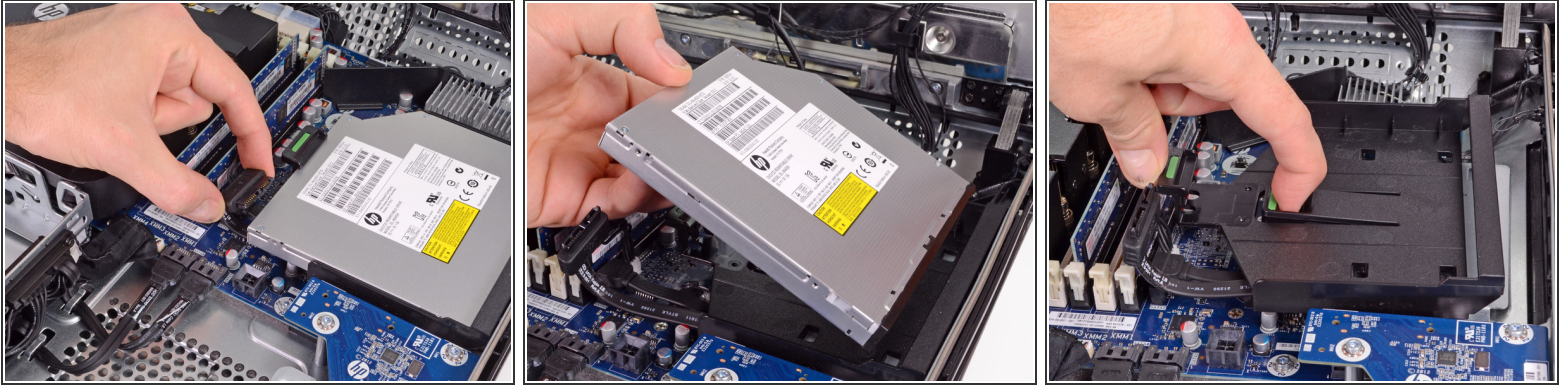
- All the major components on the Z1 have awesome release tabs -- no screwdriver required!
- The hard drive bracket, capable of holding either a single 3.5" HDD or *two* 2.5" drives, bears a striking resemblance to a [picnic basket](#).
- Simple pins hold the 3.5" HDD in the bracket, eliminating the need for any kind of screwdriver.

## Step 6



- We are big fans of this computer. Or, we are at least fans of the fans inside.
- The Delta Electronics KUC1012D 12V fan inside this enclosure appears to have a unique form factor, which means that acquiring replacement parts may be difficult.

## Step 7



- Disconnecting the optical drive is only a matter of pulling out the SATA cable.
- With one of iFixit's [optical bay hard drive enclosures](#), it might be possible to put *yet another* hard drive inside the Z1.
  - This, of course, would mean a loss of Blu-ray capabilities, but with one of iFixit's [hard drives](#) installed, you can fit up to 50 HD movies [inside the computer!](#)
- Green means go as the optical drive bracket speeds out of the Z1.

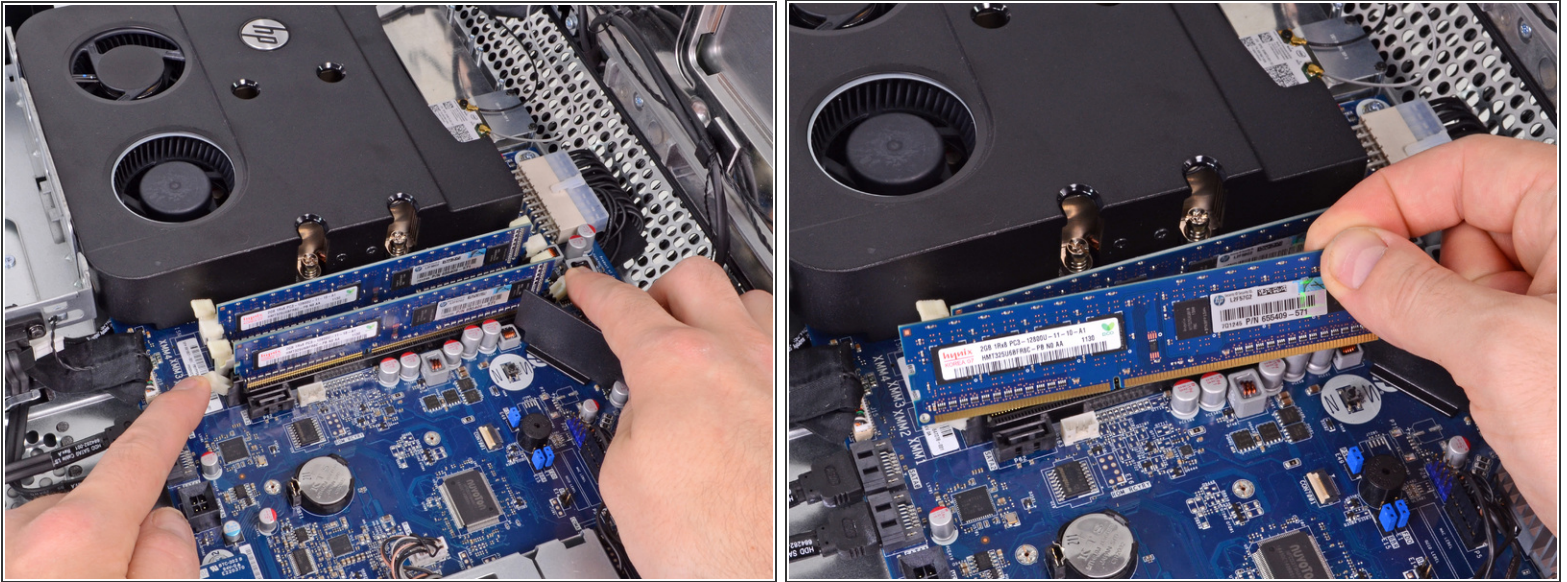
## Step 8



- By the way, did you know that we also make software for teaching people to do things? [Dozuki](#) makes it easy to create vibrant how-to manuals.
- Dozuki is great for:
  - [Standardized work instructions](#): improve quality by documenting how to get things done, one step at a time.
  - [Building product support sites](#): make your customers love you by teaching them how to do amazing things.
  - [Training and e-learning software](#): we've used Dozuki to teach over ten million people to repair electronics.
  - [Online community platform](#): build a knowledge base of expert knowledge with Answers, the Q&A engine that drives the popular [iFixit Answers](#).
- Lots more: Dozuki shines in any situation where you need to harness the knowledge of experts to teach people to do things in the real world.



## Step 9



- The RAM replacement requires flexing a couple of fingers.
- We would praise the Z1 for having easy-to-remove RAM modules, but then we remembered that most computers have easy-to-remove RAM modules.
- The Z1 is capable of supporting up to 32 GB of DDR3 RAM. If you have to ask why you need 32 GB, then you clearly don't need it.

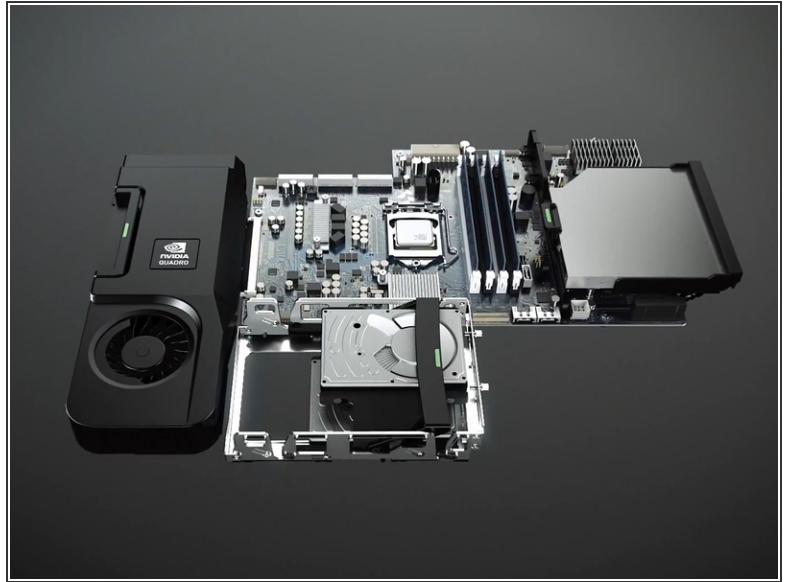
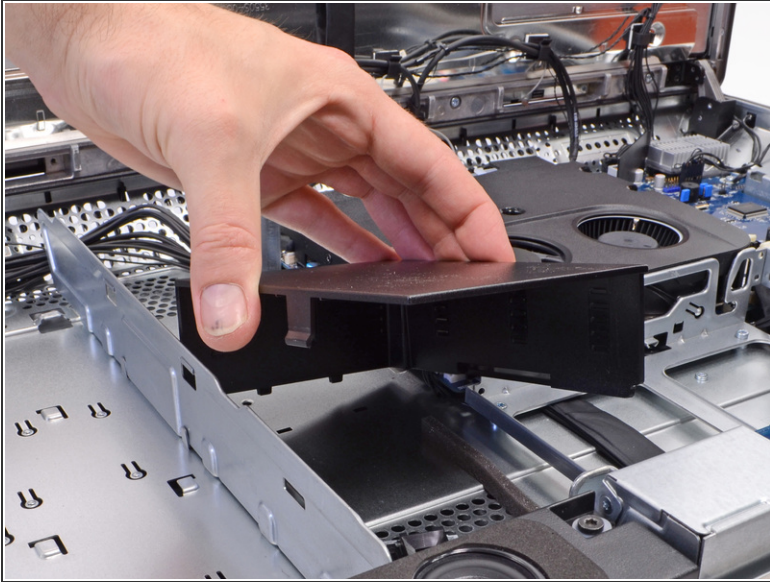


## Step 10



- Next out is the grab-and-go power supply — 400 watts of "that was easy."
- We're not nearly as worried about zapping ourselves on this power supply as we are with [other](#), more [naked](#) versions.
- Hopefully, the ease of replacement of the power supply does not fortell an ease of failure.

## Step 11



- What's under the big black casing? Nothing, at least in our \$2,000 "cheapo" machine.
- If you shell out a few more clams for your Z1, you'll find a fancy schmancy [NVIDIA Quadro](#) graphics card here, as seen by HP's artistic rendering in the second image.

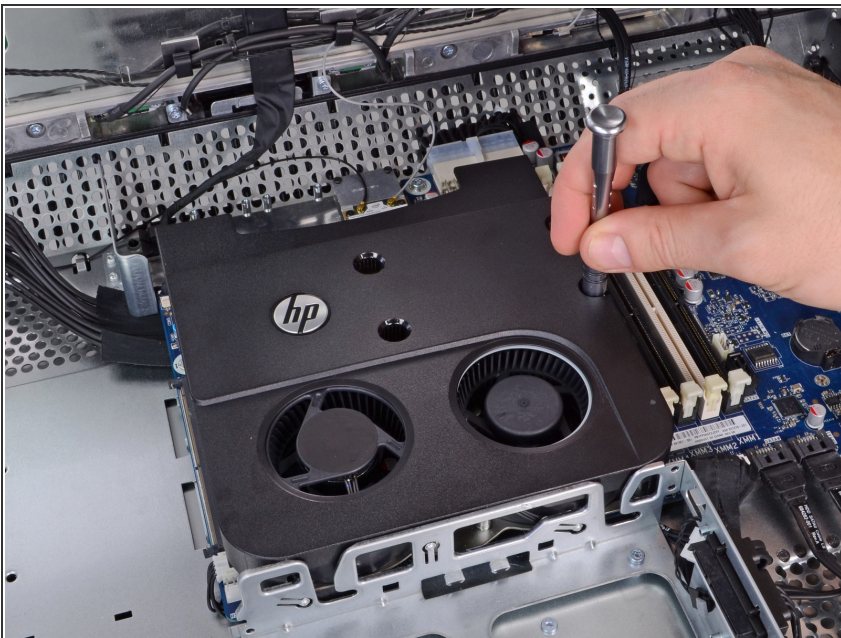


## Step 12



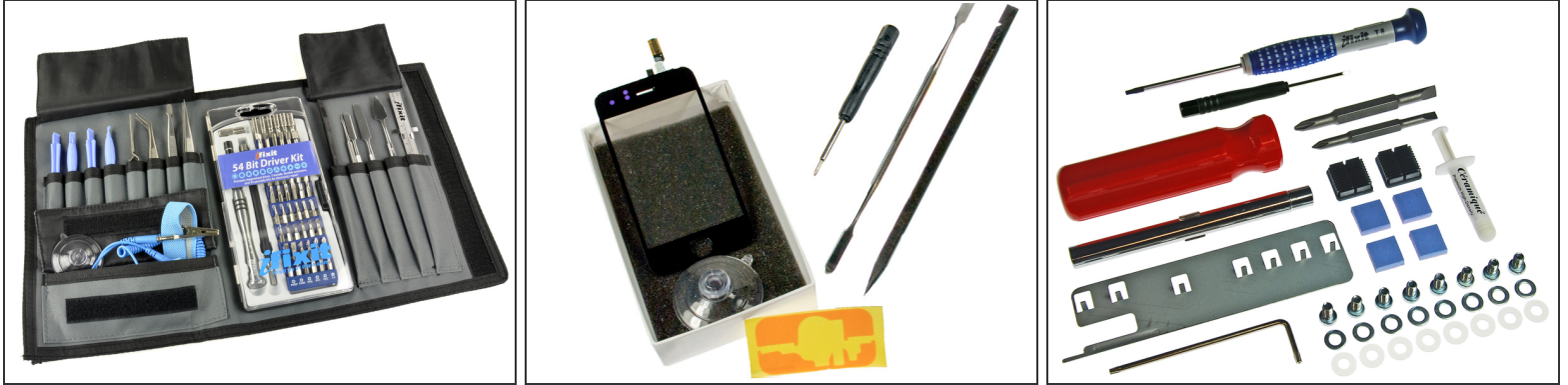
- The internal USB is a great place to hide the wireless mouse dongle.
- We would like to take a second to reflect on **how awesome this is**. Imagine being able to plug in that annoying wireless dongle *and never think about it again*. Incredible!

## Step 13



- Finally! Our first screws. We were beginning to worry there would be no use for our [54 Bit Driver Kit](#).
- But even with pesky Torx T15 screws, removing the fans and heatsink from the top of the CPU is super-simple.

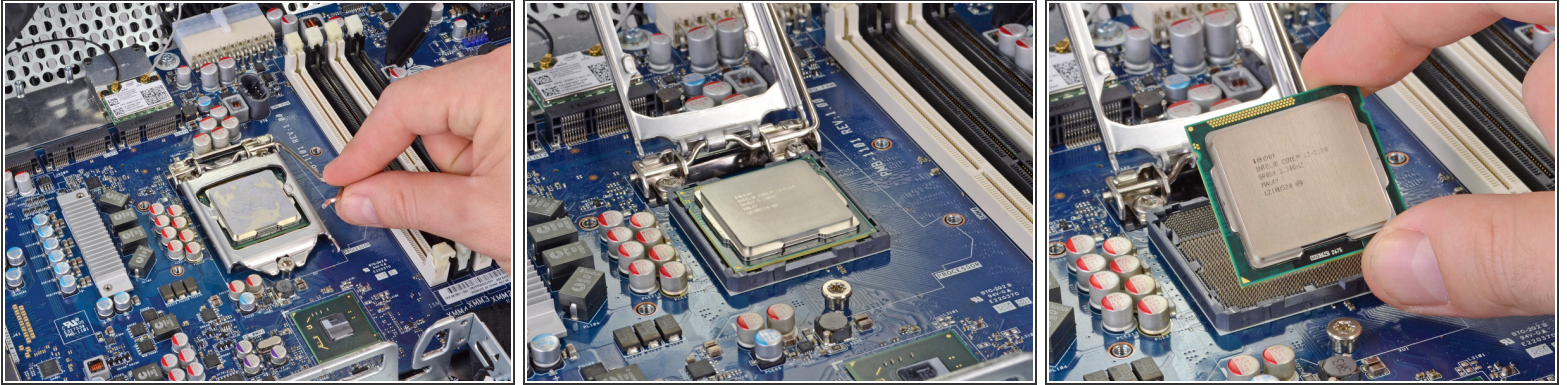
## Step 14



- Speaking of screws...
- We don't just make awesome teardowns—we sell [parts](#). And [tools](#)! Lots and lots of tools.
- Like this [handy-dandy electronics tool kit](#) that we used to take apart the HP Z1. You know you want one. It'll pay for itself the first time you use it!
- We sell [Mac parts & upgrades](#), parts for [iPhone screen repair](#), kits for fixing the infamous [Xbox Red Ring of Death](#), and tons more.
- **We need your support** to continue building the [free repair manual](#) for everything in the world.

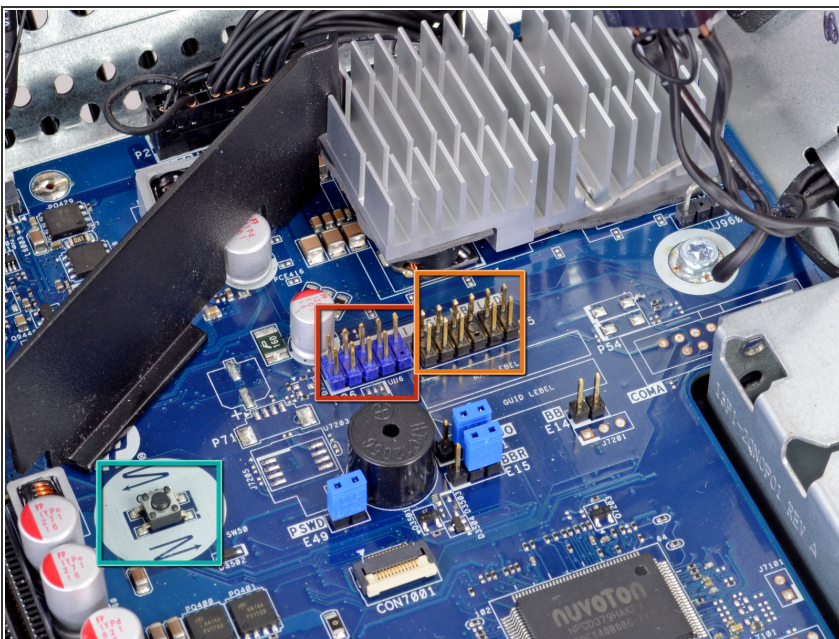


## Step 15



- This is almost too easy! A simple flip of a lever and the Intel processor practically jumps off the motherboard.
- These days we mostly encounter soldered-on CPUs on laptops and smartphones, so it's a bit refreshing to touch and feel a nice hunk of CPU silicon in one's hand. Even though this machine is nothing like the PC beige-boxes some of us built back in the day, there's something comforting about holding a can-be-upgraded CPU and inspecting it up close.
- Fake rumor confirmed: our Z1 did, in fact, come with an Intel Core i3 2120 processor, running at 3.30 GHz.

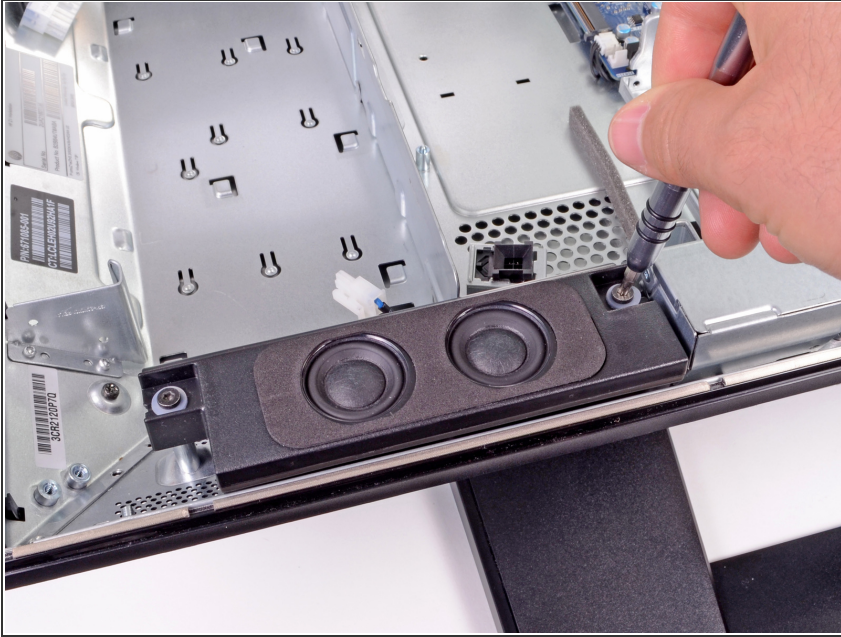
## Step 16



- According to the Z1 [treasure map](#), this little button is for resetting the CMOS. No more jumpers to short out. Cool.
- This connector is where the power button plugs into the motherboard.
- And, according to the same treasure map, this connector allows you to plug in a second internal USB port, should you need another one *inside* the device.

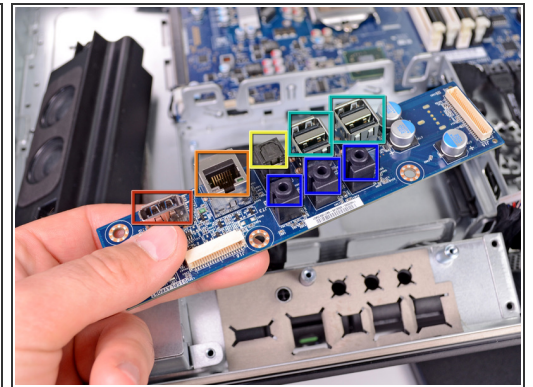
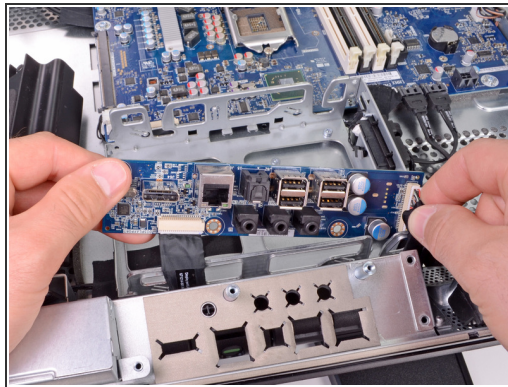
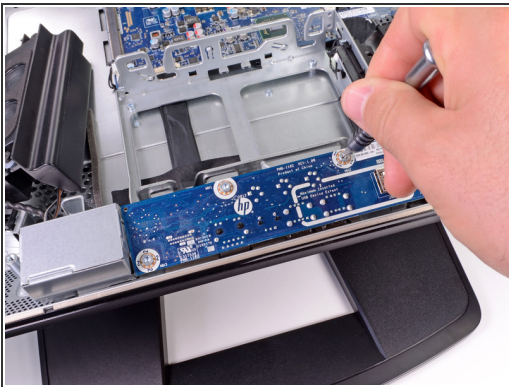


## Step 17



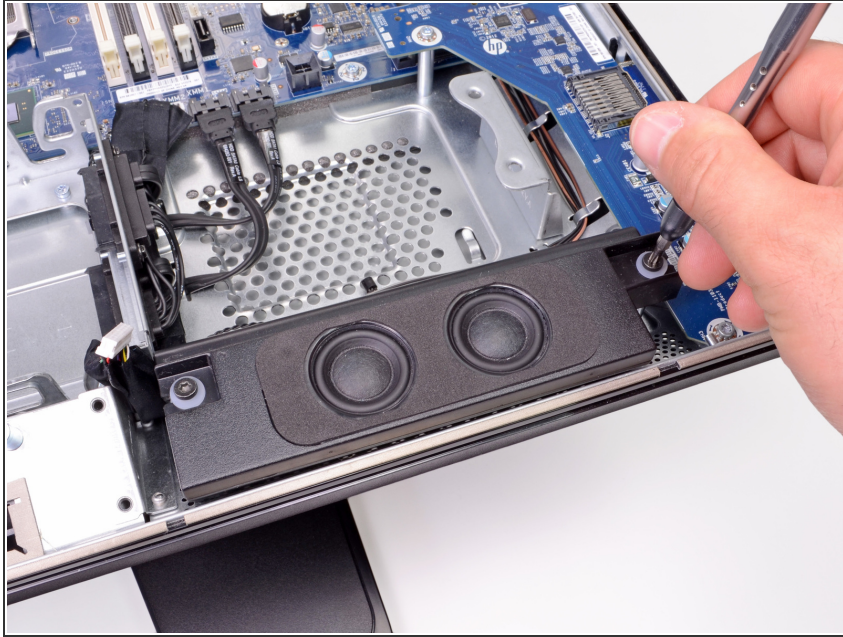
- The left speaker assembly is next to go.
- A twist of the screwdriver and the Z1 goes back to old-school mono.

## Step 18



- Removing the screws around the internal USB port frees the rear I/O board, on which we found:
  - Display In/Out
  - Ethernet Port
  - S/PDIF
  - Four USB 2.0
  - Audio Ports and Subwoofer

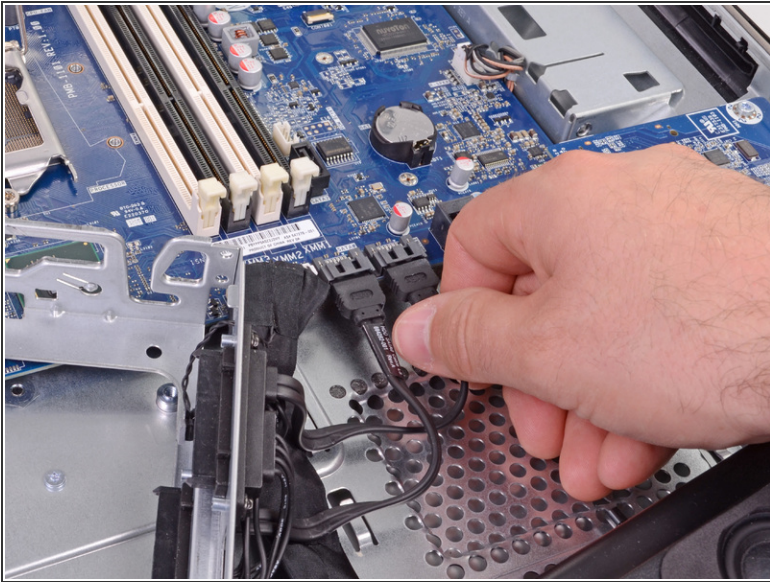
## Step 19



- Round two of speaker removal is no sweat for our screwdriver.
- We're going to guess that removing the speakers probably ruins the nicely engineered [SRS Premium Sound](#).



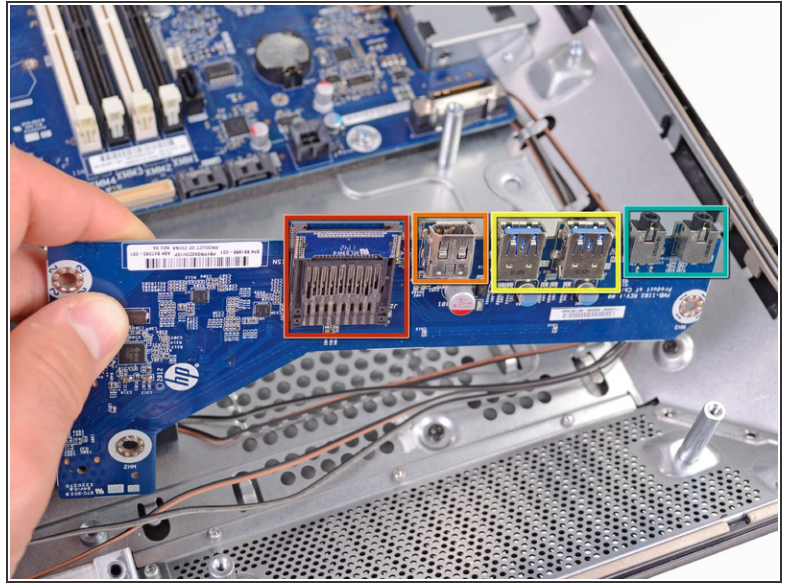
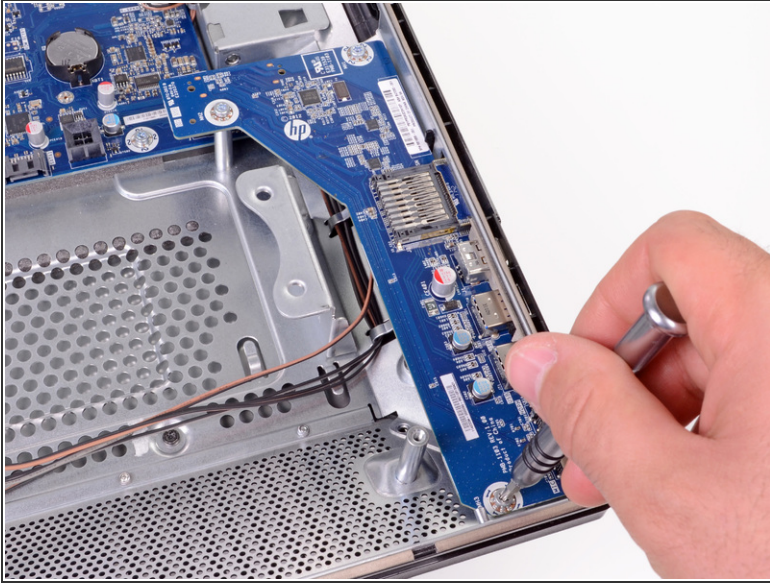
## Step 20



- We're getting down to some serious deconstruction now. A few SATA connectors come out and the hard drive bracket is free.
- These SATA cables connect the single [or double](#) hard drives to the motherboard.
- Next up is the hard drive thermal sensor, which doesn't put up much of a fight.
- Rather than taking Apple's approach, who changed their SATA connectors to a proprietary 7-pin design and embedded the thermal sensor inside the hard drive, HP is sticking with an upgrade-friendly design with standard SATA sockets and a thermal sensor that's mounted on the computer's internal frame.

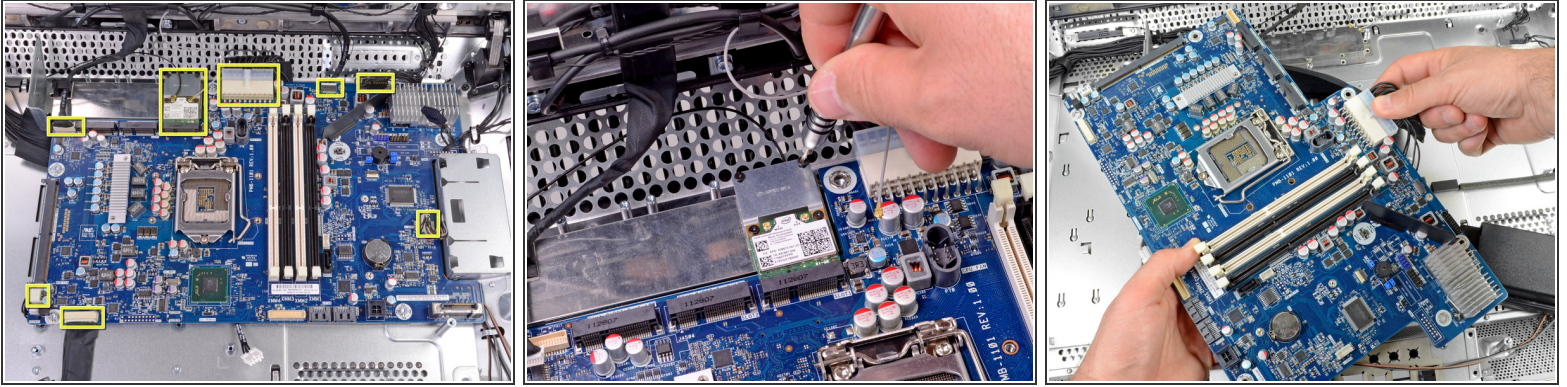


## Step 21



- Next up: the side I/O board. This board is home to:
  - 4-in-1 media card reader
  - Firewire port
  - Two blue USB 3.0 ports
  - Headphone / mic ports

## Step 22



- Just a *couple more* connectors, and the motherboard comes out.
- But before we can take out the mobo, we've got to remove Intel's [6230 Bluetooth/WiFi](#) card, which is held in place by two T6 Torx screws.
- Attached to the power supply by an ATX connector, the motherboard is easier to remove than most [logic boards](#).

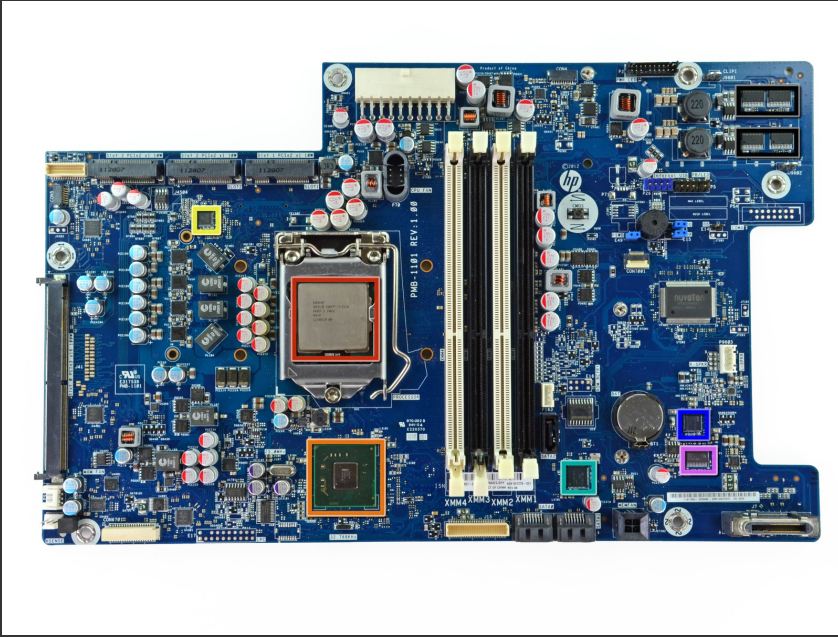
## Step 23



- So that's it for the bottom half of the computer. Now for the heavyweight LCD and glass.
- Removing some conveniently-placed T15 screws is all it takes to remove the LCD and glass from the rest of the machine.
- Despite the pile of screws left on the bench, we are relieved at the absence of [our nemesis](#), [adhesive](#), in HP's design.
- One also has to remove about a dozen more screws to separate the glass and LCD, but hey -- they're the same-sized T15 screws, and the glass comes right off once the screws are removed! It's about as simple of a construction as it can get for a component that's this hefty.



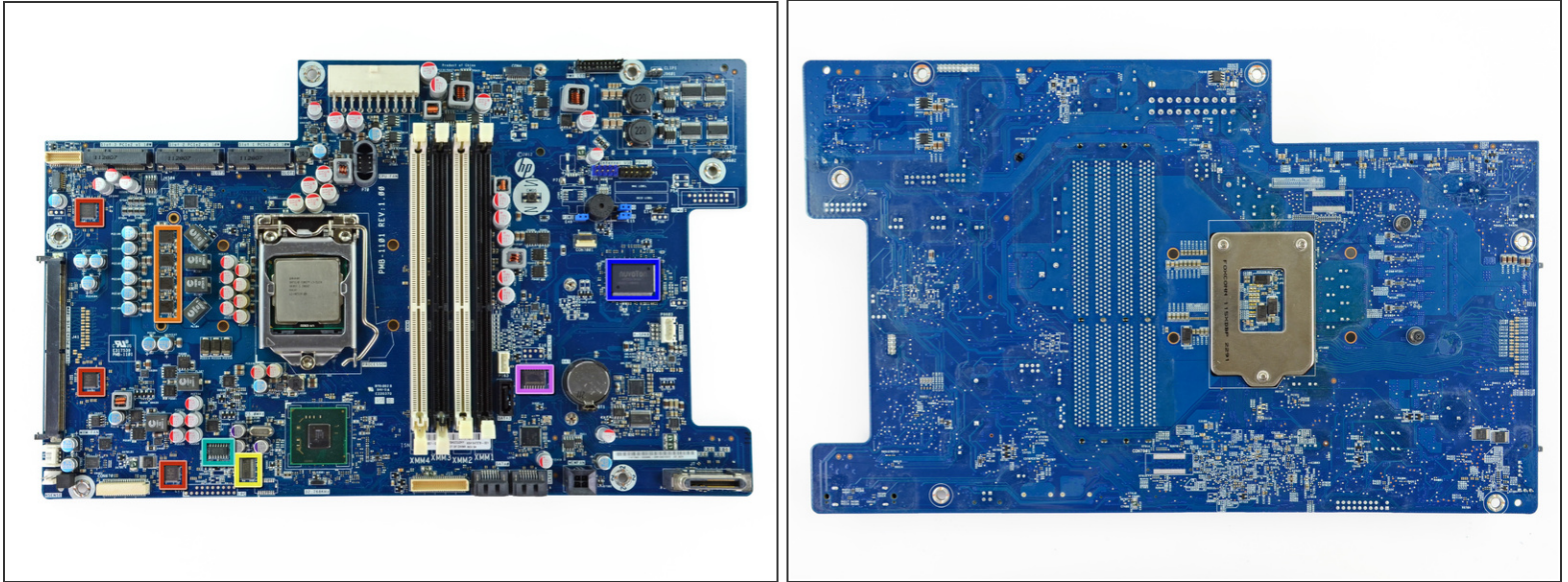
## Step 24



- We told HP that we were hosting a party, so they brought the chips:
- Intel [Core i3-2120](#) Processor with Intel HD Graphics 2000
- Intel [BD82C206](#) Platform Controller Hub
- ON [NCP6151](#) CPU & GPU Controller
- Texas Instruments [TUSB7320](#) SuperSpeed USB xHCI Host Controller
- IDT [92HD91B](#) Audio Codec
- Texas Instruments [DRV604](#) Line Driver & Headphone Amp
- MPS [MP3399](#) LED Drivers



## Step 25



- We're going to have to buy some more guacamole to go with all these chips:
  - Parade [PS8321](#) DisplayPort Source 2:1 Multiplexers
  - Alpha & Omega [AOZ5006Q1](#) Synchronous Buck Power Stage Modules
  - Infineon [SLB9635TT1.2](#) TPM Embedded Security Controller
  - NXP [74LVC14AD](#) Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger
  - Nuvoton NPCD379HAKFX
  - Winbond 250128BVFG
- Nothing to see on the back of the board. Whew!

## Step 26



- The HP Z1 sets an unprecedented Repairability Score: **10 out of 10!** (10 is easiest to repair)
- Modular construction allows the user to replace most major components in five minutes.
- Non-modular components inside are held in place by T15 or T6 Torx screws, or by plastic fasteners. No glue or other funny business is used inside, aside from a taped-down thermal sensor.
- HP offers the user a host of options on how to fix/troubleshoot the device: a [helpful diagram](#) on the inside of the machine, a set of [PDF manuals](#) on how to service the machine, and [even videos](#) for the major repair procedures!
- The glass and LCD are the hardest to replace, but still not supremely difficult -- just a bit bulky to move around. They're not fused together, and are instead held in place by those wonderful T15 Torx screws. The most difficult repair in this machine should take under an hour to complete.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.

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